

APPENDIX A
"Clean" Version of Each Paragraph/Section/Claim
37 CFR 1.121(b)(ii) AND (c)(i)

CLAIMS (with indication of amended or new):

1. (Amended) An interpolation synchronous detection method in a radio communication system in which a pilot symbol whose phase point is known is periodically inserted in an information signal to allow interpolation synchronous detection on a receiving side, comprising:

synchrous detection of the information between the pilot symbols, contained only in a received signal, by linearly interpolating a transfer function estimated from the pilot symbols respectively located before and after the information signal, and a reception sampling point timing used for the synchronous detection is updated at a middle point between the pilot symbols respectively located before and after the information signal.

2. (Amended) An interpolation synchronous detection method in a radio communication system in which a pilot symbol, contained in a received signal, whose phase point is known is periodically inserted in an information signal to allow interpolation synchronous detection on a receiving side, comprising:

using a transfer function wherein when said transfer function of a transmission/reception circuit used in said radio communication system is changed stepwise, the transfer function of said transmission/reception circuit is changed at a middle point between the pilot symbols, contained only in the received signal, respectively located before and after the information signal.

4. (Amended) A radio communication system in which pilot symbols whose phase points are known are periodically inserted in two ends of an information signal having predetermined bits to allow interpolation synchronous detection on a receiving side, comprising:

interpolation means for performing synchronous detection of the information signal between the pilot symbols, contained only in a received signal, by linearly interpolating a transfer function estimated from the pilot symbols respectively located before and after the information signal on the receiving side;

means for performing interpolation synchronous detection by using a complex conjugate of the linearly interpolated transfer function; and

processing means for selecting a sampling point, at a middle point between the pilot symbols, at which an eye pattern opens most from a result obtained by discretely oversampling the reception signal, thereby demodulating the reception signal.

5. (Amended) A radio communication system in which pilot symbols, contained only in a received signal, whose phase points are known are periodically inserted in two ends of an information signal having predetermined bits to allow interpolation synchronous detection on a receiving side, comprising:

a transfer function changing section for changing a transfer function of a transmission/reception section in said radio communication system stepwise; and

a transfer function control section for changing a transfer function of said transfer function changing section at a middle point between the pilot symbols, contained in the received signal.

7. (New) A radio communication system in which pilot symbols whose phase points are known are periodically inserted in two ends of an information signal having predetermined bits to allow interpolation synchronous detection on a receiving side, comprising:

an interpolator performing synchronous detection of the information signal between the pilot symbols, contained in a received signal, by linearly interpolating a transfer function estimated from the pilot symbols respectively located before and after the information signal on the receiving side;

an interpolator performing synchronous detection by using a complex conjugate of the linearly interpolated transfer function; and

Application No.: 09/389,289

Docket No.: S1905.0087/P0087

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a processor for selecting a sampling point, at a middle point between the pilot symbols, at which an eye pattern opens most from a result obtained by discretely oversampling the reception signal, thereby demodulating the reception signal.
